

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

1. Identification					
Product identifier	Battery Terminal Protector				
Other means of identification					
Product Code	No. 05046 (Item# 1003657)				
Recommended use	Battery terminal protector				
Recommended restrictions	None known.				
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information				
Manufactured or sold by:					
Company name	CRC Industries, Inc.				
Address	885 Louis Dr.				
	Warminster, PA 18974 US				
Telephone					
General Information	215-674-4300				
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168				
Customer Service	800-272-4620				
24-Hour Emergency	800-424-9300 (US)				
(CHEMTREC)	703-527-3887 (International)				
Website	www.crcindustries.com				
2. Hazard(s) identification	l				
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1			
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas			
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2			
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A			
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2			
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2			
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects			
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (oral)	Category 2 (central nervous system, kidney, liver)			
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1			
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 1 hazard				
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1			
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.				
Label elements					
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Signal word Hazard statement



Danger

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
liquefied petroleum gas		68476-86-8	20 - 30
n-heptane		142-82-5	10 - 20
petrolatum		8009-03-8	10 - 20
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	5 - 10
3-methylhexane		589-34-4	5 - 10
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	5 - 10
2-methylhexane		591-76-4	3 - 5
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	3 - 5
methylcyclohexane		108-87-2	3 - 5
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.		64742-89-8	3 - 5
3-ethylpentane		617-78-7	1 - 3
ethylbenzene		100-41-4	1 - 3
n-hexane		110-54-3	1 - 3
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy		64742-70-7	1 - 3
xylene		1330-20-7	1 - 3
3,3-dimethylpentane		562-49-2	< 1
toluene		108-88-3	< 0.3
2,2-dimethylbutane		75-83-2	< 0.2
2,3-dimethylbutane		79-29-8	< 0.2
3-methylpentane		96-14-0	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol.
	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

(see Section 10 of the SDS).

Туре	Value	Form
PEL	435 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	2000 mg/m3	
	500 ppm	
PEL	400 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	2000 mg/m3	
	500 ppm	
PEL	1800 mg/m3	
	500 ppm	
PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
PEL	400 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	435 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
0)		
Туре	Value	
Ceiling	300 ppm	
TWA	200 ppm	
	PEL	PEL         435 mg/m3           PEL         100 ppm 2000 mg/m3           PEL         500 ppm 400 mg/m3           PEL         100 ppm 2000 mg/m3           PEL         100 ppm 2000 mg/m3           PEL         2000 mg/m3           PEL         2000 mg/m3           PEL         500 ppm 1800 mg/m3           PEL         5 mg/m3           PEL         300 ppm

# **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value Components	s Type	Value	Form	
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)	STEL	1000 ppm		
75-63-2)	TWA	500 ppm		
2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)	STEL	1000 ppm		
10 20 0)	TWA	500 ppm		
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm		
	TWA	500 ppm		
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)	STEL	1000 ppm		
	TWA	500 ppm		
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm		
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm		
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	m3 Inhalable fraction.	
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm		
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm		
	TWA	100 ppm		
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards			
Components	Туре	Value	Form	
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3		
	TWA	510 ppm 350 mg/m3 100 ppm		
2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3		
	TWA	510 ppm 350 mg/m3 100 ppm		
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3		
	TWA	510 ppm 350 mg/m3 100 ppm		
3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3		
·	TWA	510 ppm 350 mg/m3		

# US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		100 ppm	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
100 +1 +)		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	1600 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
)		100 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
		440 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		85 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
(		100 ppm	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3 100 ppm	

### **Biological limit values**

### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

### US - California OELs: Skin designation

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit V	/alues: Skin designation		
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.			
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.		
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Viton rubber (fluor rubber).		
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.		

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Dark red.
Odor	Petroleum.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-244.7 °F (-153.7 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	118.4 °F (48 °C) estimated
Flash point	< 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Fast.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	8 % estimated
Vapor pressure	1453.1 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.73
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity (kinematic)	Not available.
Percent volatile	86.4 % estimated
10 Stability and reactivity	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** 

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and e	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Components	Species	Test Results		
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-	34-4)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg		
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-	-4)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	17.2 mg/l, 4 hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg		
heptane, branched, cyclic a	nd linear (CAS 426260-76-6)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	> 60 mg/l, 4 hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg		
methylcyclohexane (CAS 1	08-87-2)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		
naphtha (petroleum), hydro	treated light (CAS 64742-49-0)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg		

Components	Species	Test Results	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 1300 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	15840 mg/kg	
	ic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-	-7)	
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
olvent naphtha (petroleum), lig	ht aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg	
* Estimates for product may	y be based on additional componer	nt data not shown	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes serious eye irritation.		
rritation	Causes schous eye initation.		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to	o cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	· ·	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.		
IARC Monographs. Overa	Il Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.			
	ated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1	001-1050)	
Not regulated.	Program (NTP) Report on Carcin	onene	
	- rogram (NTP) Report on Carcin	Ugens	
Not listed.			

Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.
Chronic effects	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

toxicity	Very toxic	c to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Components		Species	Test Results
2-methylpentane (CAS	107-83-5)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
ethylbenzene (CAS 100	-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Atlantic silverside (Menidia menidia)	4.4 - 5.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.1 mg/l, 48 hours
heptane, branched, cycl	ic and linear (CA	S 426260-76-6)	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
methylcyclohexane (CA	S 108-87-2)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	5.8 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hy	drotreated light (	CAS 64742-49-0)	
Aquatic			
Acute	5050	Deskais	4 40 mm/ 40 h m
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia –	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-heptane (CAS 142-82	-5)		
Aquatic			
Acute	5050	Water flee (Deptering and and	
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-	3)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours
solvent naphtha (petrole	eum), light aliph. (	CAS 64742-89-8)	
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Acute			
	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	5.5 mg/l, 96 hours
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	9.54 - 19.2 mg/l, 96 hours
* Estimates for product may b	e based on	additional component data not shown.	
ersistence and degradability	No data is	available on the degradability of this proc	duct.
oaccumulative potential	No data a	vailable.	
Partition coefficient n-octan	ol / water (l	og Kow)	
2,2-dimethylbutane		3.82	
2,3-dimethylbutane		3.42	
2-methylpentane		3.74	
3-methylpentane ethylbenzene		3.6 3.15	
methylcyclohexane		3.61	
n-heptane		4.66	
n-hexane		3.9	
toluene		2.73	
xylene		3.12 - 3.2	
Bioconcentration factor (BC	F)		
ethylbenzene		1	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotre	ated light	10 - 25000	
toluene		90 23.99	
xylene obility in soil	No data a		
	No data available. No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation		
her adverse effects		endocrine disruption, global warming pote	
3. Disposal consideratio	ns		
sposal of waste from sidues / unused products	Do not pu Do not co	ncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow the	itable waste, D001. Contents under pressure. his material to drain into sewers/water supplie ith chemical or used container. Dispose in
azardous waste code	D001: Wa	ste Flammable material with a flash point	: <140 F
ontaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.		
4. Transport information			
DT			
UN number	UN1950		
UN proper shipping name		flammable, Limited Quantity	
Transport hazard class(es)	710100010,	naminuble, Elimited Quantity	
Class	2.1		
Subsidiary risk	<b>Z</b> . 1		
Label(s)	2.1		
Packing group	Not applic	able	
		ety instructions, SDS and emergency proc	edures before handling
Special provisions	N82		seal of before narraing.
Packaging exceptions	306		
Packaging non bulk	None		

None None

Packaging non bulk

Packaging bulk

### ΙΔΤΔ

IAIA	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user Other information	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
15. Regulatory information	1
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export N	lotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.	
SARA 304 Emergency releas	e notification

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

## US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	Listed.
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Listed.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
PCI A Hazardous Substancos: Poportable quantity	

## **CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity**

3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	100 LBS
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	1000 LBS
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	5000 LBS
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	1000 LBS
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	100 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

(SDWA)	·	
Code Number	ration (DEA). List 2, Essen	tial Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical
-	ration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Ex	6594 empt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtu	ures Code Number	35 %WV
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Food and Drug	Not regulated.	594
Administration (FDA)		
Superfund Amendments and Section 311/312 Hazard categories	d Reauthorization Act of 19 Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No	186 (SARA)
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No	
S state regulations		
US. California. Candidate Ch (a))	nemicals List. Safer Consu	mer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4 liquefied petroleum gas (C naphtha (petroleum), hydr n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	CAS 68476-86-8) rotreated light (CAS 64742-4	
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03		
US. New Jersey Worker and		v Act
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 2-methylpentane (CAS 10 3-methylbexane (CAS 58	79-29-8) )7-83-5) 9-34-4)	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5	108-87-2) rotreated light (CAS 64742-4 5)	9-0)
toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	m), light aliph. (CAS 64742-a	39-8)
US. Massachusetts RTK - Su		
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 2-methylhexane (CAS 59 2-methylpentane (CAS 10	79-29-8) 1-76-4)	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589 3-methylpentane (CAS 969 ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4 methylcyclohexane (CAS	S-14-0) 11-4) 108-87-2)	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) paraffin oils (petroleum), c	, catalytic dewaxed heavy (CA	S 64742-70-7)
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	m), light aliph. (CAS 64742-	<sup>১৬-</sup> ৪)
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) US. Pennsylvania Worker an	nd Community Right-to-Kn	ow I aw
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS		yn Lan

2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	
3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
US. Rhode Island RTK	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	

n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5) n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7) petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8) solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8) toluene (CAS 108-88-3) xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**US. California Proposition 65** 

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

03 - California Proposi	lion 65 - CRT. Listeu uate/Car	
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		Listed: February 27, 1987
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)		Listed: April 6, 2010
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		Listed: June 11, 2004
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		Listed: April 19, 2002
US - California Proposi	tion 65 - CRT: Listed date/Dev	elopmental toxin
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		Listed: December 26, 1997
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		Listed: January 1, 1991
US - California Proposi	tion 65 - CRT: Listed date/Mal	e reproductive toxin
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		Listed: December 26, 1997
Volatile organic compounds (VO	DC) regulations	
EPA		
Aerosol coatings (40 CFR 59, Subpt. E)	Not regulated	
State		
Aerosol coatings	This product is regulated as a	an Electrical Coating. This product is compliant for sale in all

all 50 lectrical Coating. This product is compliant for sale in states.

**Maximum incremental** 1.253 reactivity (MIR)

### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	10-21-2013
Revision date	10-12-2017
Prepared by	Allison Yoon
Version #	04
Further information	CRC # 597P-Q/1002627-1002629
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 1 Personal protection: B
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 1
NFPA ratings	
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Revision Information	Product and Company Identification: Product Codes Composition/information on ingredients: Component information Handling and storage: Precautions for safe handling Other information, including date of preparation or last revision: Further information